

# B cube

(Biobank and Brain health in Bordeaux)

A novel cohort to study the exposome of brain aging  
and dementia with high throughput approaches

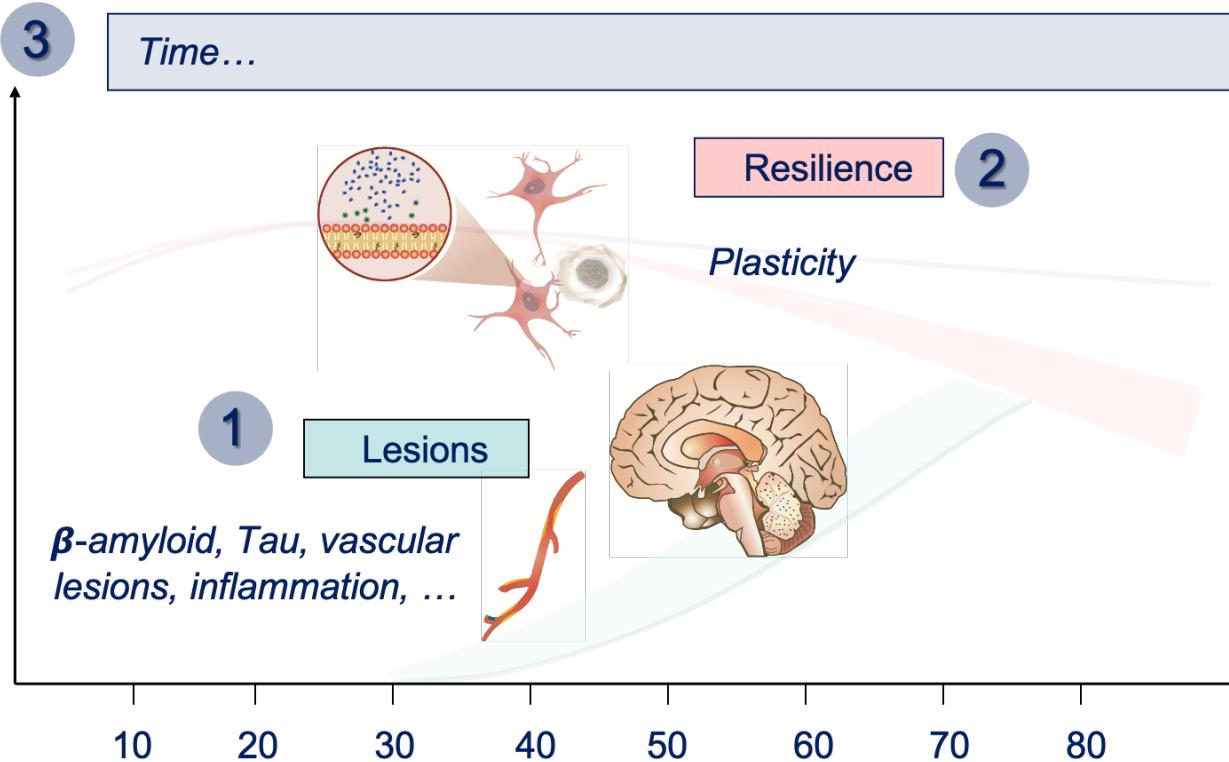


Cécilia SAMIERI

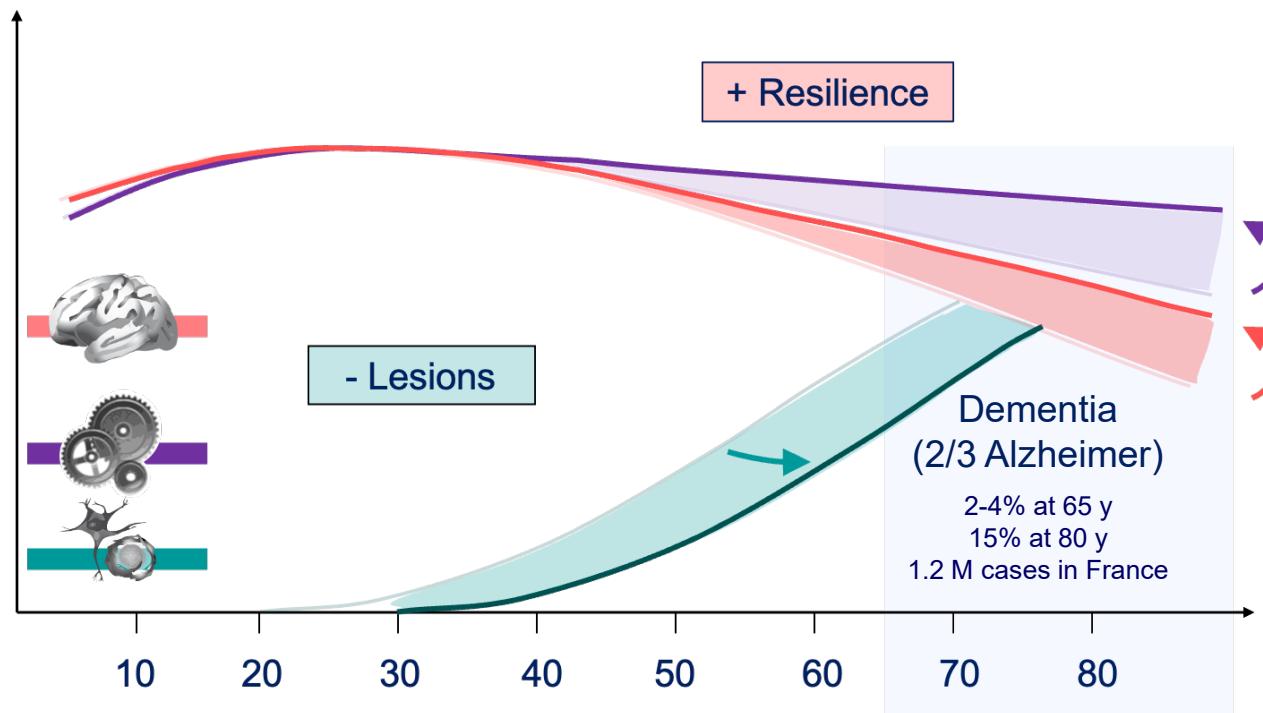
Codirectrice équipe ELENOR-Bordeaux Population  
Health (BPH)



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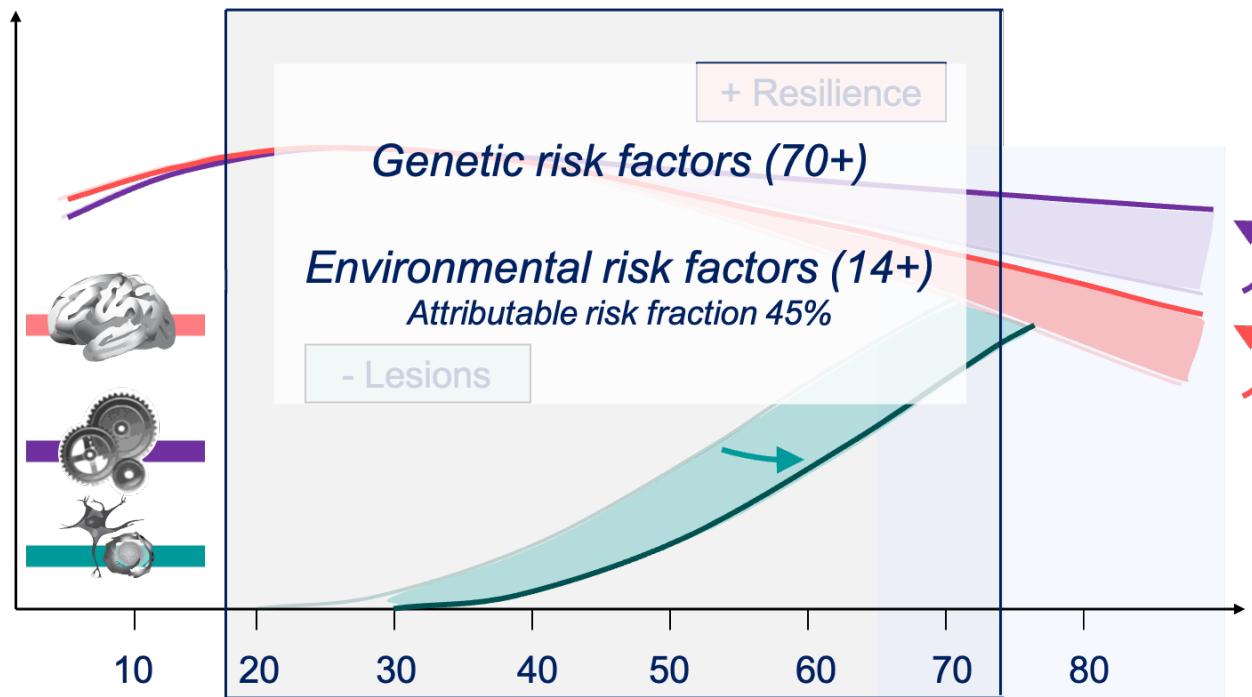




# France has been at the forefront of dementia epidemiology since the 80's

- Population-based cohorts:
  - ➔ Estimate dementia epidemiology indicators
  - ➔ Decipher the natural history in the decades preceding diagnosis
  - ➔ Aim to a variability/heterogeneity of exposures/behaviors representative of the general population
- Historical population cohorts:
  - ➔ PAQUID (years 1980-xx, 65y+): prevalence, incidence
  - ➔ Three-City (3C) (years 2000-xx, 65y+): genetics, biology

# Dementia and sporadic Alzheimer's disease are multifactorial

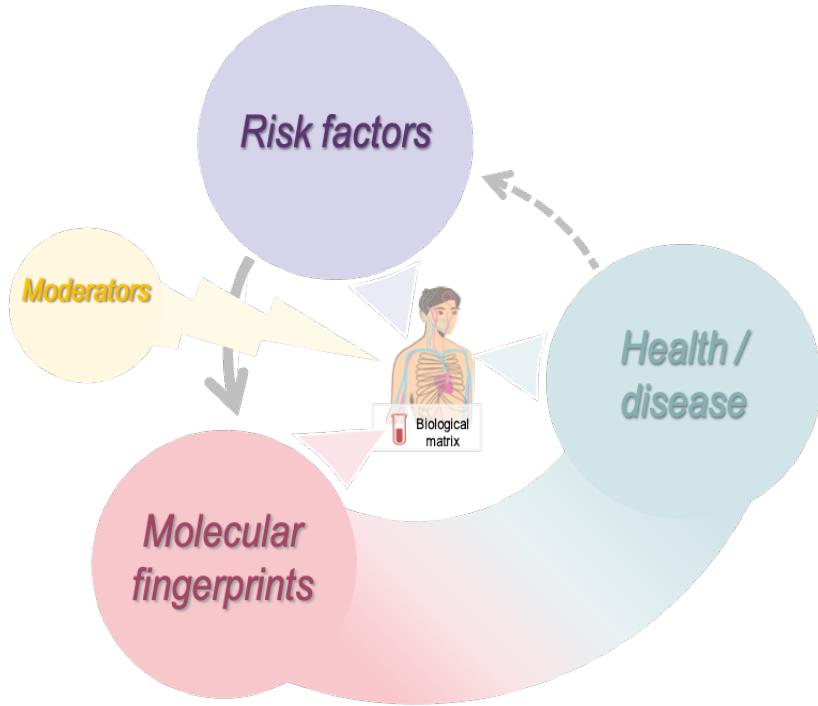


Livingston et al., Lancet 2024

# Many questions remain on prevention, that call for more knowledge on etiology and mechanisms

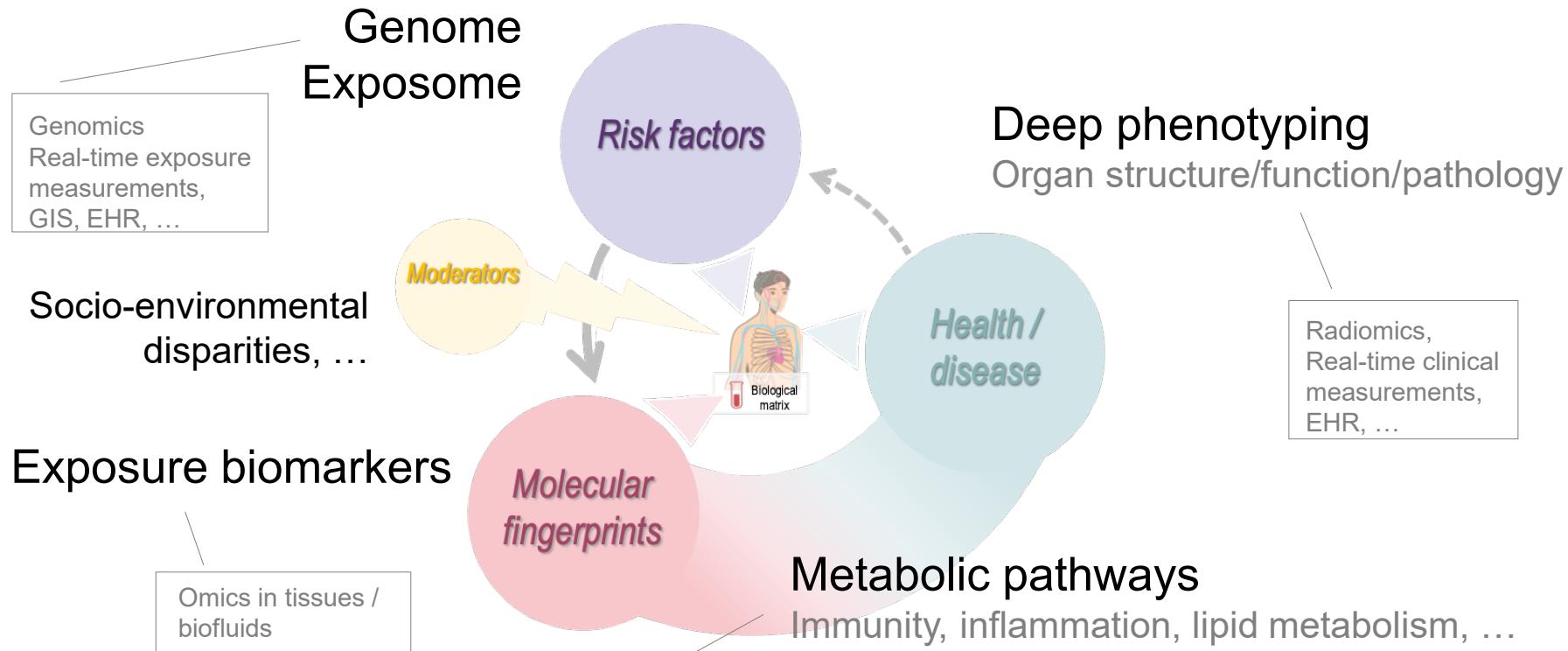
- Which modifiable factors are causal?
- Which factors act on specific neuropathology pathways and which more generally on biological aging homeostasis?
- Which combination of modifiable factors to recommend?
- In which optimal time-windows?
- Are there some sensitive groups? By genetic background, biological aging level (microbiome and gut homeostasis, immunosenescence, inflammaging)...
- How about emerging factors, eg pollutants, infections, ...?

# Epidemiology has deepened with technological advances

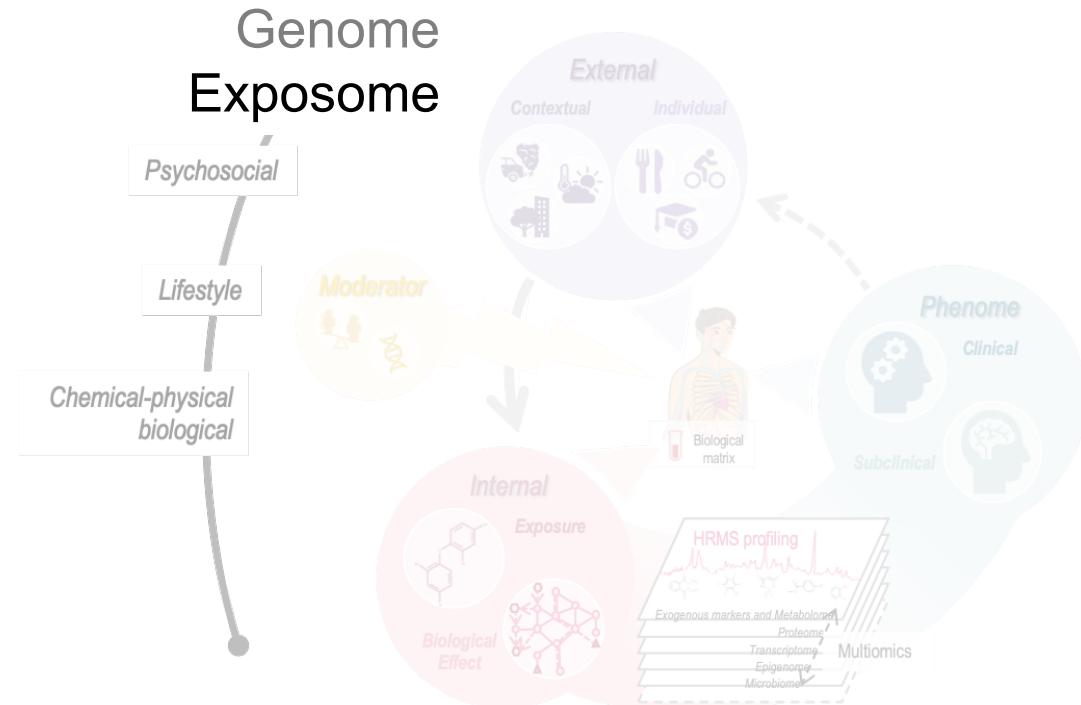




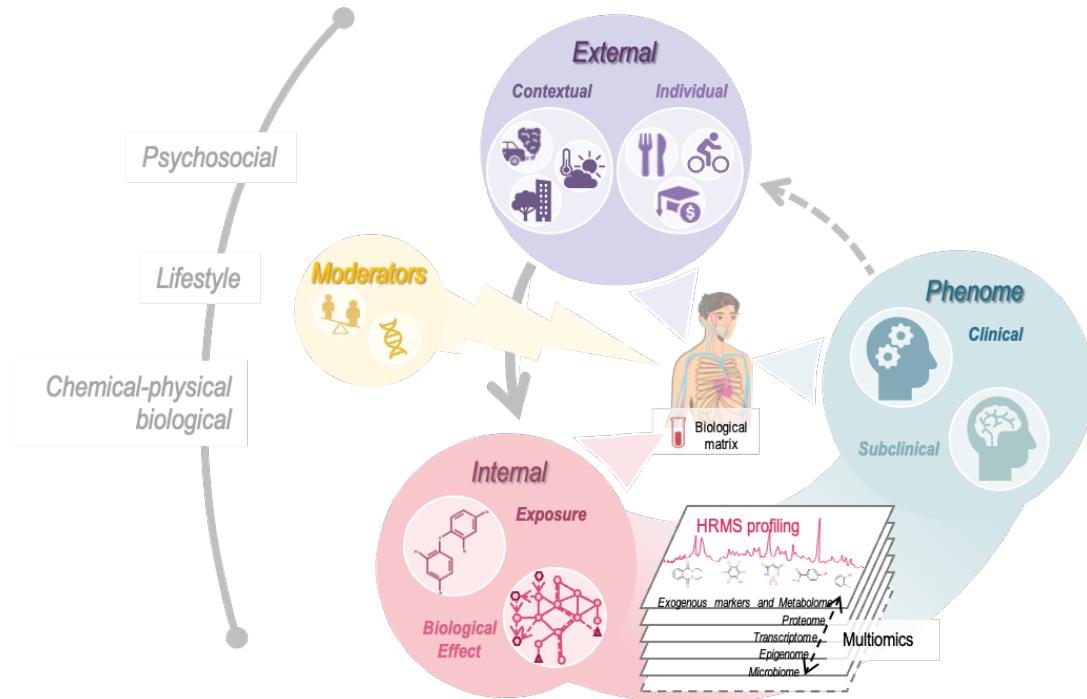
# Epidemiology has deepened with technological advances



# The exposome concept can advance etiological knowledge and prevention of brain aging pathologies



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# Exposomics can advance etiological knowledge and prevention of brain aging pathologies

nature neuroscience

Perspective

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41593-024-01627-1>

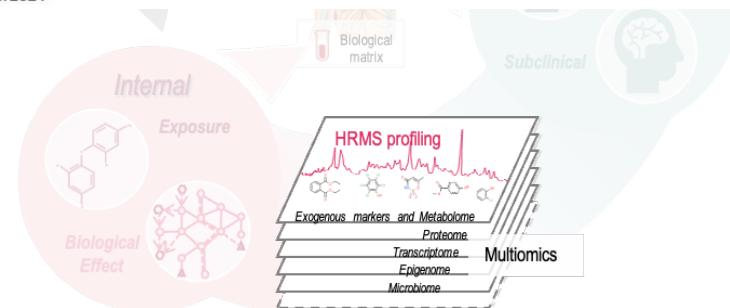
## Assessing the contribution of the chemical exposome to neurodegenerative disease

Received: 6 June 2023

S. Lefèvre-Arbogast<sup>1,2,5</sup>, J. Chaker<sup>1,2,5</sup>, F. Mercier<sup>1,2</sup>, R. Barouki<sup>3</sup>, X. Coumoul<sup>3</sup>,

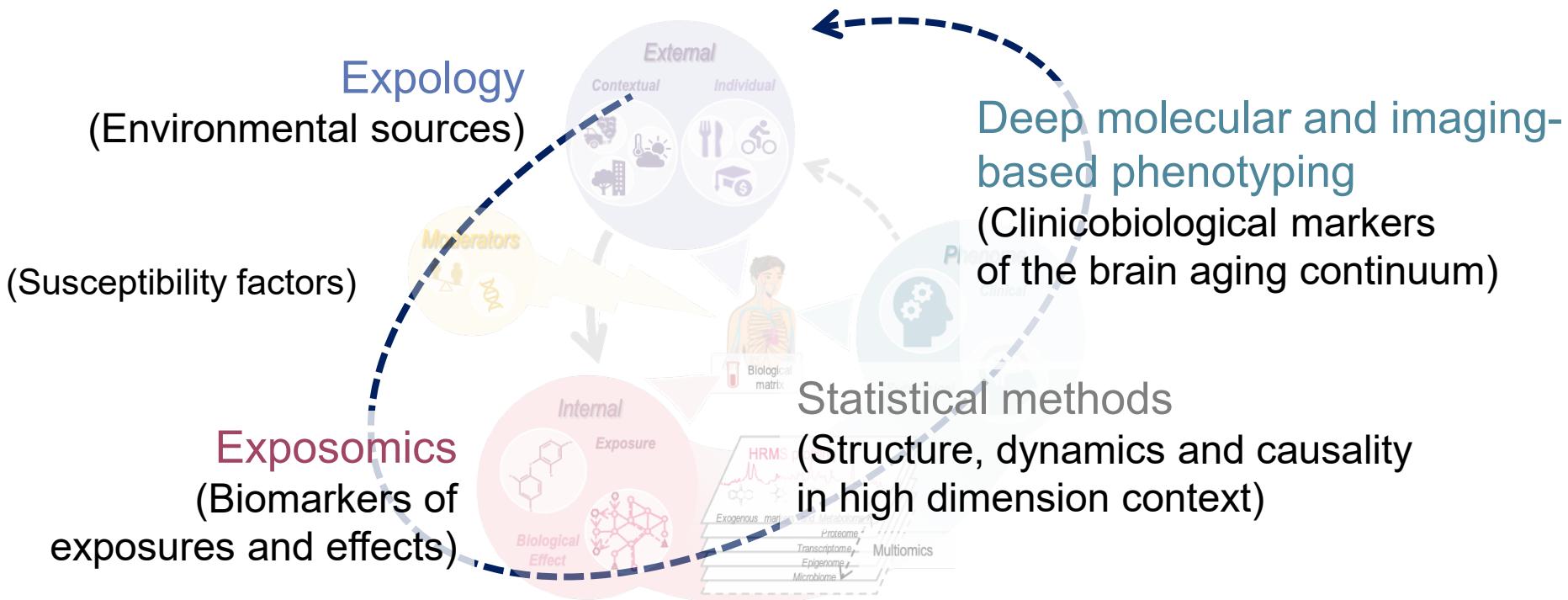
Accepted: 21 March 2024

G. W. Miller<sup>4</sup>, A. David<sup>2,6</sup> & C. Samieri<sup>1,6✉</sup>





# We need a cohort with novel tools to operationalize the concept and capture early signs of neuropathology



# A new population-based study to decipher the exposome of brain aging in early stages



## Biobank and Brain health in Bordeaux

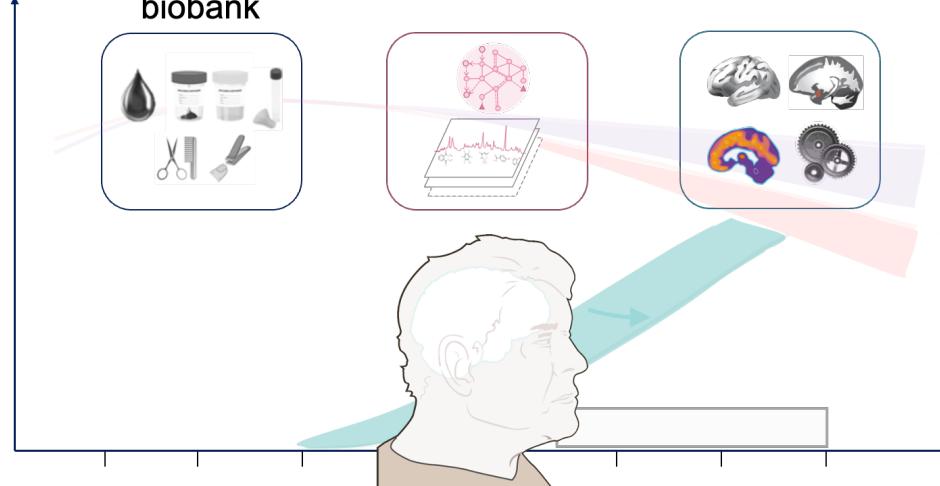
Comprehensive  
biobank

Exposomics

Deep phenotyping

- 55-80 years
- n=2000, >1100 MRI (current n=1660, 600 MRI)
- Home interviews

- Molecular signatures of brain aging
- Epidemiological platform



université  
de BORDEAUX

Inserm

CHU  
BDX

CENTRE EXPÉRIMENTAL  
INSTITUT NEUROSCIENCE  
BORDEAUX

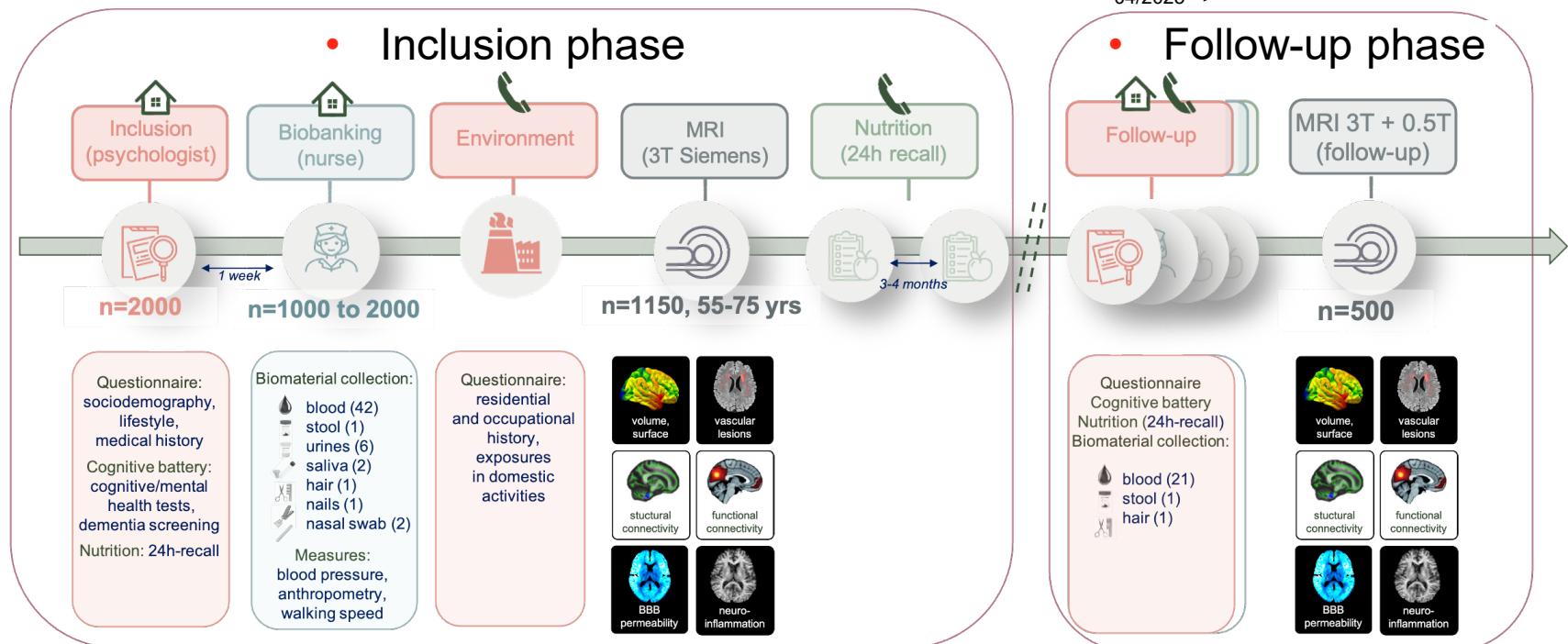
anr\*

Fondation  
France

This project benefits from support from the French government operated by BPI France under the program "Investissements d'Avenir"

# A new population-based study to decipher the exposome of brain aging in early stages

03/2022=>08/2025



# ... which addresses unique questions within the Bordeaux's site pole of expertise on brain aging (and internationally)



L'institut VBHI a bénéficié d'une aide de l'État gérée par l'Agence Nationale de la Recherche au titre de France 2030 portant la référence « ANR-23-IAHU-0001 ».

Soutenu par :



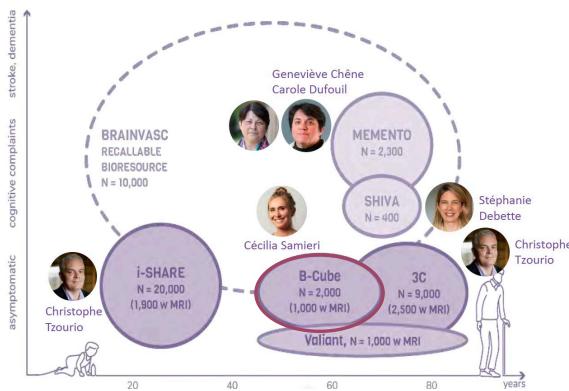
En partenariat avec :



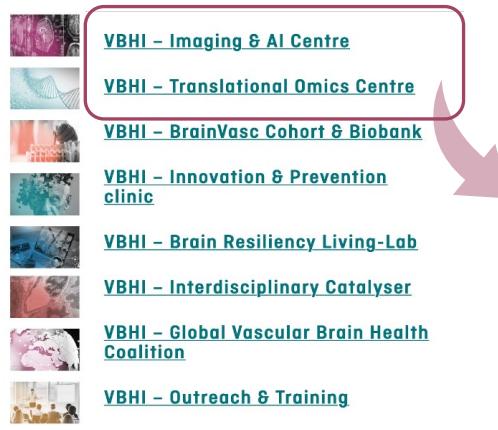
# ... which addresses unique questions within the Bordeaux's site pole of expertise on brain aging (and internationally)



- Cohorts



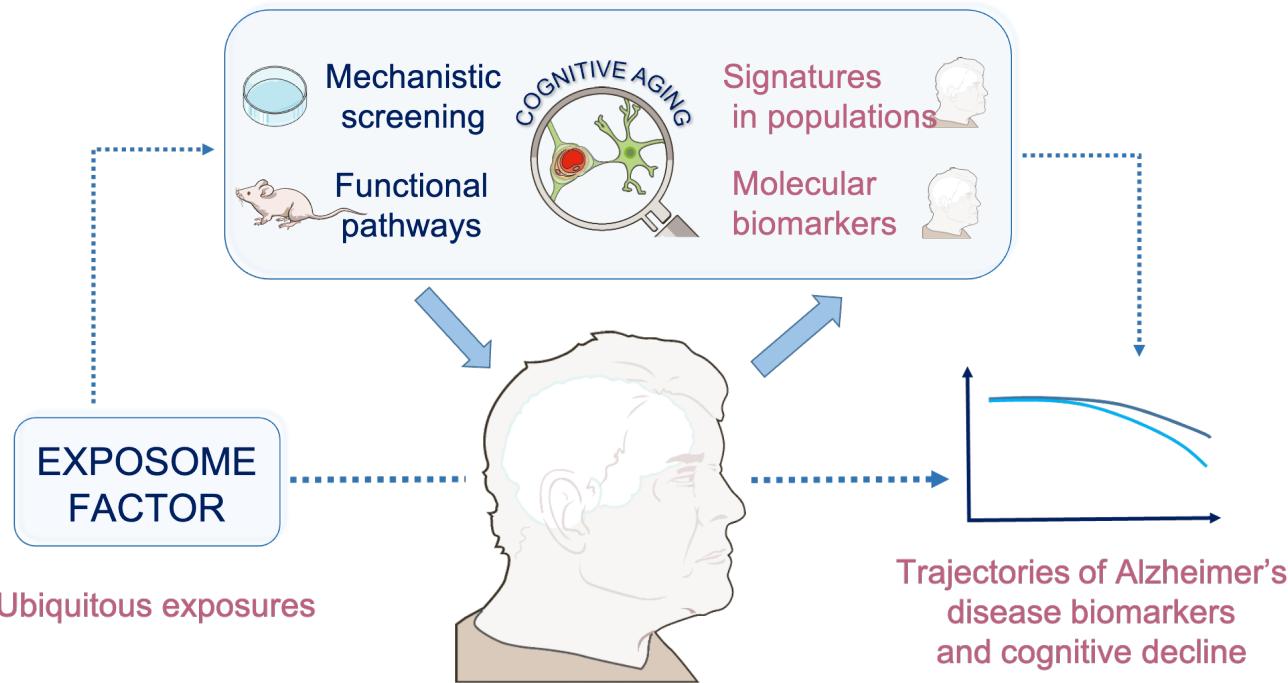
- Programs



T1.3.2 « Next-generation etiological research on the exposome of VBD across the lifespan »



# Translational projects with an exposome approach leveraging molecular epidemiology cohorts



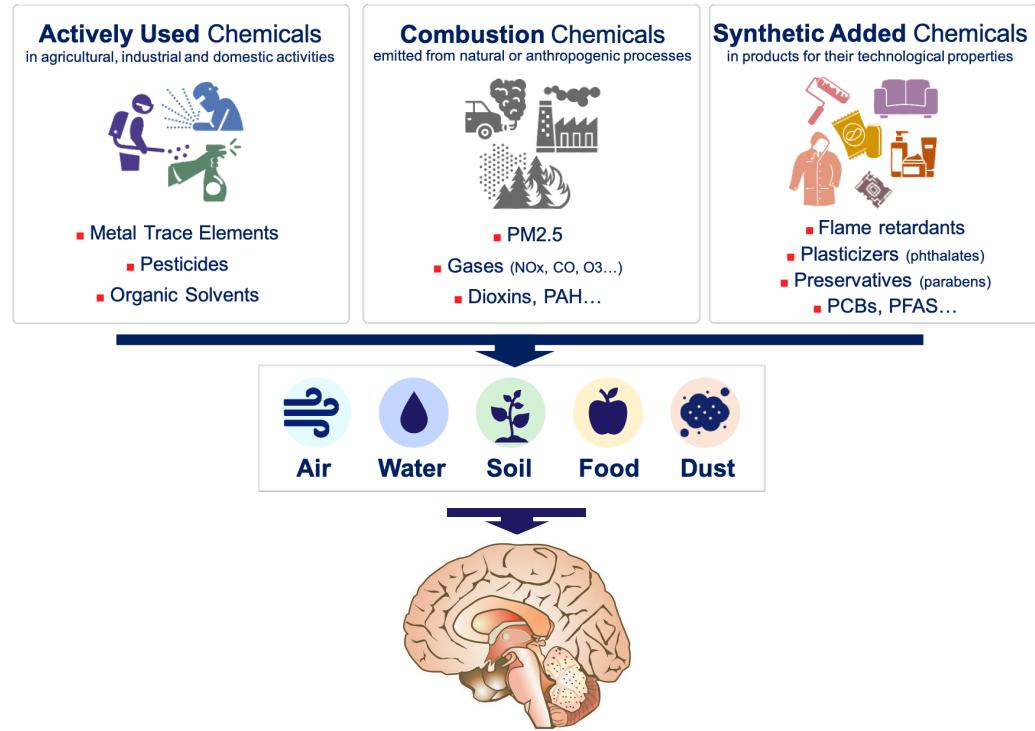
# Translational projects with an exposome approach: B cube

- Food metabolome
- Chemical exposome Exposomics
- Infectious exposome / microbiota-gut-brain axis Microbiomics
- Exposome methods
- ...



# The chemical exposome of brain aging

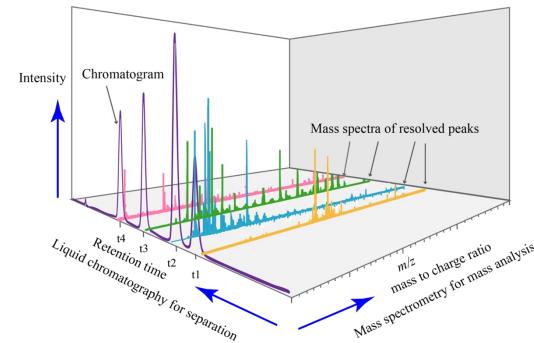
- >300,000 chemicals are on the market, yet the extent of the chemical exposome is unknown
- We hypothesize that the chemical exposome holds etiological clues to accelerated brain aging and related diseases





# The chemical exposome of brain aging: promises of exposomics science

- Challenge:
  - /!\ chemical space is
    - Highly variable
    - Diverse in nature (wide range of physicochemical properties – polarity, mass...)
    - Heterogeneous in concentration levels (trace substances)
    - Dynamic
- Opportunities:
  - HRMS-based chemical profiling to capture both exogenous and endogenous chemicals



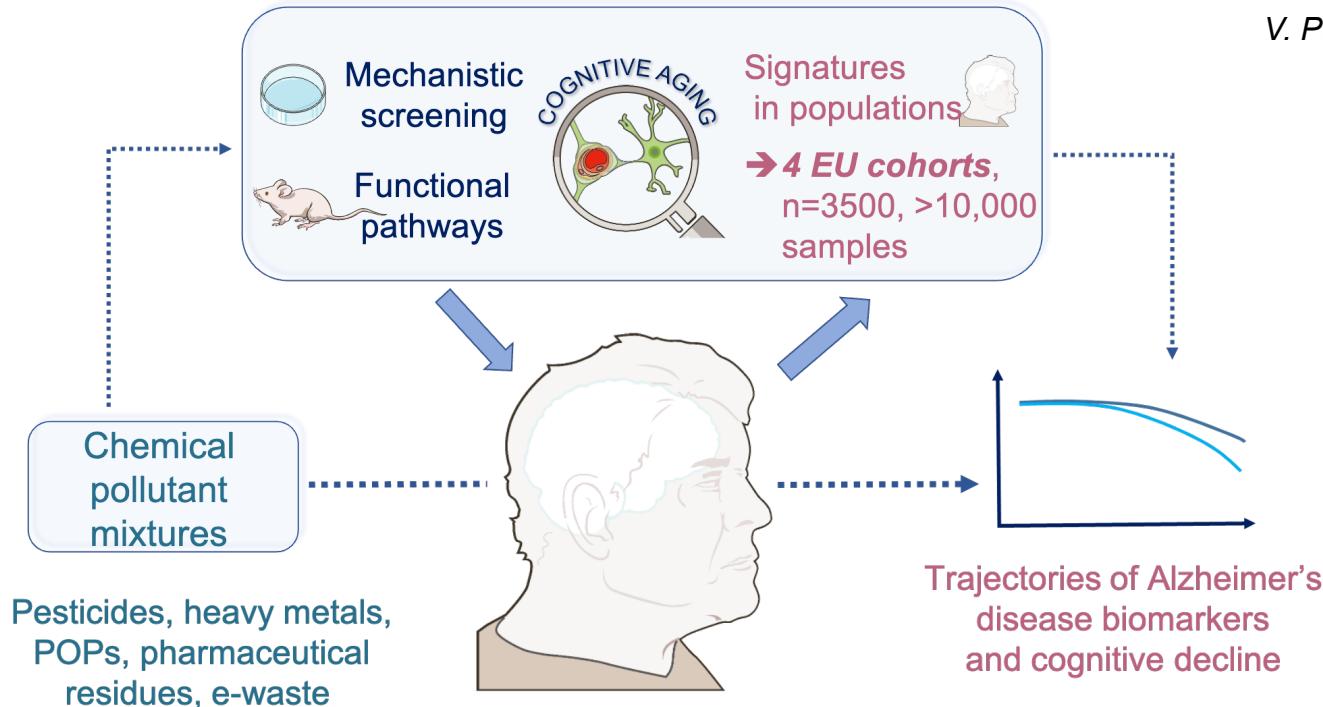
Lefèvre-Arbogast et al, Nat Neurosci 2024

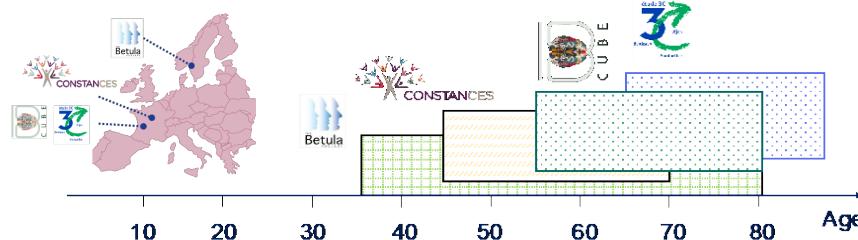
# Exposomics to discover chemical pollutant signatures of brain aging pathologies : Horizon Europe EXPOSIGALZ

Coordinator  
V. Perrier, U Montpellier



Institut national  
de la santé et de la recherche médicale





## Epidemiology workflow

14 metals (ICP-MS)

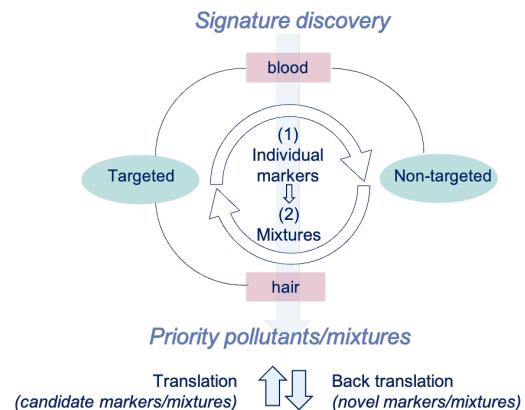
44 POPs (GC-MS/MS)

OC pesticides, brominated flame retardants, PCBs

>160 markers (LC and GC-MS/MS)

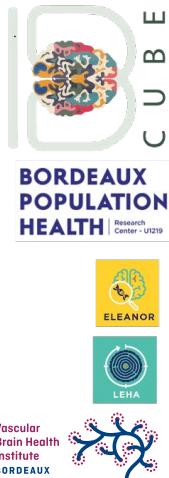
PFAS, PCBs, PBDEs, non-persistent OP pesticides, pyrethroids, neonicotinoids, anilinopyrimidines, bisphenols, phthalates, nicotine-cotinine, ...

>100 000 untargeted signals, >150 priority suspects (LC-HRMS)



## Preclinical work packages

# Thank you!



## Scientific team



## Operational team



## Collaborative teams



**Chez Christian et Renée, Alzheimer n'est pas invitée !**

